

Your Child Could Be at Risk for Lead Poisoning if They:

- Live in or regularly visit a house built before 1978. This includes a day care center, preschool or home of a babysitter or relative
- Live in or visit a house that has peeling, chipping, dusting or chalking paint
- Live in or visit a house built before 1978 with recent, ongoing or planned renovation or remodeling
- Have a sibling or playmate that has or did have lead poisoning
- Frequently come in contact with an adult who has a hobby or works with lead. Examples are construction, manufacturing, welding, pottery, painting and casting ammunition

What should I do if I suspect my child has lead poisoning?

If you suspect your child has lead poisoning your first step should be to talk to your doctor get them tested for lead. You can do this by making an appointment with your child's Primary Care Provider. Toledo-Lucas County Health Department also offers free lead screening for children 6 years of age or younger. You can schedule an appointment by calling (419) 213-4100.

The Toledo-Lucas County Health Department provides educational material on lead information on its website.

Tenant Guide

Lead Safe Properties



Toledo-Lucas County Health Department
635 N Erie St
Toledo, OH 43604
419-213-4100
419-213-4017 Fax

www.lucascountyhealth.com

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Voluntary Lead-Safe and Safe & Healthy Homes Certification

In efforts to prevent lead poisoning, TLCHD has developed a voluntary program for anyone in Lucas County. More information can be found at www.lucascountyhealth.com/lead-safe/

What should I expect from a Lead Inspection?

The entire area of the unit will be visually inspected to ensure that no chipping, cracking or peeling paint is present. If attics or basements that are directly assessable from within the unit are "locked off," they must be made accessible for the visual inspection, however the basement and attic areas will not be wipe tested unless utilized as a dwelling space. Dust wipe samples may be taken on window sills, window wells, and floors at the discretion of the inspector.

You should temporarily remove animals from the dwelling, prior to "touch-up" cleaning and during the inspection, as they may carry lead dust on their feet or fur and otherwise impact the inspector's ability to perform the test.

Prospective Tenants

According to the federal laws, landlords must give prospective tenants of buildings built before 1978:

- (1) An EPA-approved information pamphlet on identifying and controlling lead-based paint hazards
- (2) Any known information concerning lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards pertaining to the building

(3) A lead disclosure attachment to the lease, or language inserted in the lease, that includes a "Lead Warning Statement" and confirms that you have complied with all notification requirements

How to Protect Your Family

It is important that tenants take responsibility to protect themselves and their families from lead exposure. Tenants should take the following precautions to protect their family:

- (1) Notify the landlord of peeling or chipping paint. If the landlord fails to address the problem, contact the Toledo Lucas county Health Department.
- (2) Keep painted surfaces clean and free of dust. Clean floors, window frames, window sills, and other surfaces weekly. Use a mop or sponge with warm water and a general all-purpose cleaner. Never mix ammonia and bleach products together because they can form a dangerous gas.
- (3) Carefully clean up paint chips immediately without creating dust.
- (4) Thoroughly rinse sponges and mop heads often during cleaning of dirty or dusty areas, and again afterward.
- (5) Keep children from chewing window sills or other painted surfaces, or eating soil.

HEPA vacuums are helpful because they differ from a conventional vacuum by being capable of trapping extremely small particles.

More information about protecting your family from lead exposure is available for print on the Toledo-Lucas County Health Department's website.

Prevent Childhood Lead Poisoning

Exposure to lead can seriously harm a child's health.

This can cause:

- Lower IQ
- Decreased ability to pay attention
- Underperformance in school

Lead can be found throughout a child's environment.

1. Homes built before 1978 (when lead-based paints were banned) probably contain lead-based paint.

2. When the paint peels and cracks, it makes lead dust. Children can be poisoned when they swallow or breathe in lead dust.

3. Lead can be found in some products such as toys and toy jewelry.

4. Lead is sometimes in candies imported from other countries or traditional home remedies.

5. Certain water pipes may contain lead.

Certain jobs and hobbies involve working with lead-based products, like stain glass work, and may cause parents to bring lead into the home.