

STD	What to Watch For	How You Get It	If You Don't Get Treated
<b>Chlamydia</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Symptoms show up 7–28 days after having sex.</li> <li>• Chlamydia affects women and men.</li> <li>• Most women and some men have no symptoms.</li> </ul> <p><b>Women:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Discharge from the vagina.</li> <li>• Bleeding from the vagina between periods.</li> <li>• Burning or pain when you urinate.</li> <li>• Need to urinate more often.</li> <li>• Pain in abdomen, sometimes with fever and nausea.</li> </ul> <p><b>Men:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Watery, white drip from the penis.</li> <li>• Burning or pain when you urinate.</li> <li>• Need to urinate more often.</li> <li>• Swollen or tender testicles.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex with someone who has chlamydia.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You can give chlamydia to your sex partner.</li> <li>• Can lead to more serious infection. Reproductive organs can be damaged.</li> <li>• Women and possibly men may no longer be able to have children.</li> <li>• A mother with chlamydia can give it to her baby during childbirth.</li> </ul>
<b>Gonorrhea</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Symptoms show up 2–21 days after having sex.</li> <li>• Most women and some men have no symptoms.</li> </ul> <p><b>Women:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Thick yellow or gray discharge from the vagina.</li> <li>• Burning or pain when you urinate or have a bowel movement.</li> <li>• Abnormal periods or bleeding between periods.</li> <li>• Cramps and pain in the lower abdomen (belly).</li> </ul> <p><b>Men:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Thick yellow or greenish drip from the penis.</li> <li>• Burning or pain when you urinate or have a bowel movement.</li> <li>• Need to urinate more often.</li> <li>• Swollen or tender testicles.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex with someone who has gonorrhea.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You can give gonorrhea to your sex partner.</li> <li>• Can lead to more serious infection. Reproductive organs can be damaged.</li> <li>• Both men and women may no longer be able to have children.</li> <li>• Can cause heart trouble, skin disease, arthritis and blindness.</li> <li>• A mother with gonorrhea can give it to her baby in the womb or during childbirth.</li> </ul>
<b>Hepatitis B</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Symptoms show up 1–9 months after contact with the hepatitis B virus.</li> <li>• Many people have no symptoms or mild symptoms.</li> <li>• Flu-like feelings that don't go away.</li> <li>• Tiredness.</li> <li>• Jaundice (yellow skin).</li> <li>• Dark urine, light-colored bowel movements.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex with someone who has hepatitis B.</li> <li>• Spread by sharing needles to inject drugs, or for any other reason.</li> <li>• Spread by contact with infected blood.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You can give hepatitis B to your sex partner or someone you share a needle with.</li> <li>• Some people recover completely.</li> <li>• Some people cannot be cured. Symptoms go away, but they can still give hepatitis B to others.</li> <li>• Can cause permanent liver damage or liver cancer.</li> <li>• A mother with hepatitis B can give it to her baby during childbirth.</li> </ul>
<b>Herpes</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Symptoms show up 1–30 days or longer after having sex.</li> <li>• Most people have no symptoms.</li> <li>• Flu-like feelings.</li> <li>• Small, painful blisters on the sex organs or mouth.</li> <li>• Itching or burning before the blisters appear.</li> <li>• Blisters last 1–3 weeks.</li> <li>• Blisters go away, but you still have herpes. Blisters can come back.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex, and sometimes by genital touching, with someone who has herpes.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You can give herpes to your sex partner(s).</li> <li>• Herpes cannot be cured, but medicine can help control it.</li> <li>• A mother with herpes can give it to her baby during childbirth.</li> </ul>
<b>HIV/AIDS</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Symptoms show up several months to several years after contact with HIV, the virus that causes AIDS.</li> <li>• Can be present for many years with no symptoms.</li> <li>• Unexplained weight loss or tiredness.</li> <li>• Flu-like feelings that don't go away.</li> <li>• Diarrhea.</li> <li>• White spots in mouth.</li> <li>• In women, yeast infections that don't go away.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex with someone who has HIV.</li> <li>• Spread by sharing needles to inject drugs, or for any other reason.</li> <li>• Spread by contact with infected blood.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You can give HIV to your sex partner(s) or someone you share a needle with.</li> <li>• HIV cannot be cured, but medicine can help control it. Can cause illness and death.</li> <li>• A mother with HIV can give it to her baby in the womb, during birth or while breastfeeding.</li> </ul>
<b>HPV/ Genital Warts</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Symptoms show up weeks, months or years after contact with HPV.</li> <li>• Many people have no symptoms.</li> <li>• Some types cause genital warts: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Small, bumpy warts on the sex organs and anus.</li> <li>— Itching or burning around the sex organs.</li> <li>— After warts go away, the virus sometimes stays in the body. The warts can come back.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Some types cause cervical cancer in women: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Cell changes on the cervix can only be detected by a Pap test from a health care provider.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex, and sometimes by genital touching, with someone who has HPV.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You can give HPV to your sex partner(s).</li> <li>• Most HPV goes away on its own in about 2 years.</li> <li>• Warts may go away on their own, remain unchanged, or grow and spread.</li> <li>• A mother with warts can give them to her baby during childbirth.</li> <li>• Some types can lead to cervical cancer if not found and treated.</li> </ul>
<b>Syphilis</b>	<p><b>1st Stage:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Symptoms show up 1–12 weeks after having sex.</li> <li>• A painless sore or sores on the mouth or sex organs.</li> <li>• Sore lasts 2–6 weeks.</li> <li>• Sore goes away, but you still have syphilis.</li> </ul> <p><b>2nd Stage:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Symptoms show up as the sore heals or after.</li> <li>• A rash anywhere on the body.</li> <li>• Flu-like feelings.</li> <li>• Rash and flu-like feelings go away, but you still have syphilis.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Spread during vaginal, anal or oral sex, and sometimes by genital touching, with someone who has syphilis.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You can give syphilis to your sex partner(s).</li> <li>• A mother with syphilis can give it to her baby during pregnancy or have a miscarriage.</li> <li>• Can cause heart disease, brain damage, blindness and death.</li> </ul>
<b>Trichomoniasis ("Trich")</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Symptoms show up 5–28 days after having sex.</li> <li>• Affects both women and men.</li> <li>• Many people have no symptoms.</li> </ul> <p><b>Women:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Itching, burning or irritation in the vagina.</li> <li>• Yellow, greenish or gray discharge from the vagina.</li> </ul> <p><b>Men:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Watery, white drip from the penis.</li> <li>• Burning or pain when you urinate.</li> <li>• Need to urinate more often.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Spread during vaginal sex.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• You can give trich to your sex partner(s).</li> <li>• Uncomfortable symptoms will continue.</li> <li>• Men can get infections in the prostate gland.</li> </ul>